

2017 Summer Meeting



GIS Analytics for Engineering and Public Works

July 18, 2017

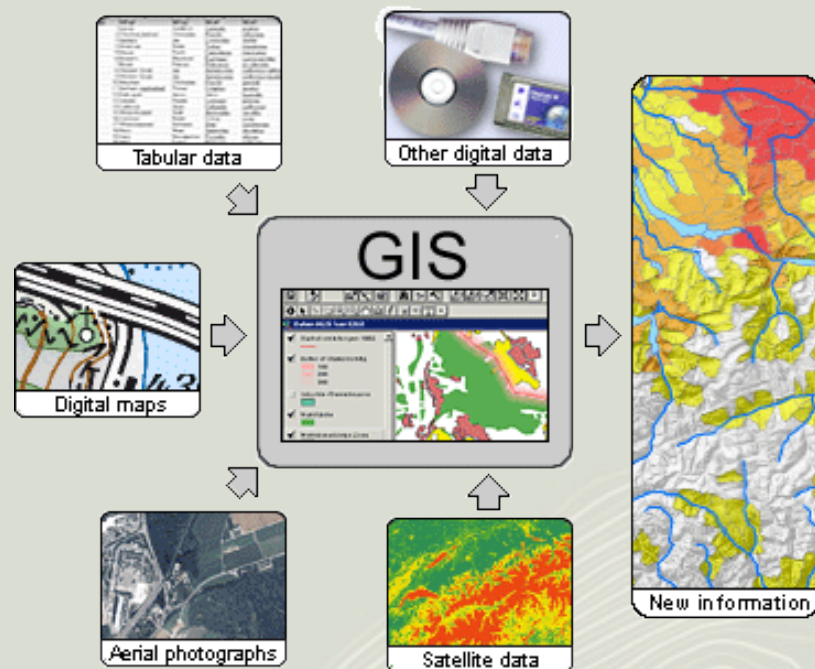
Daniel R. Mellott, GISP

SAIN
associates

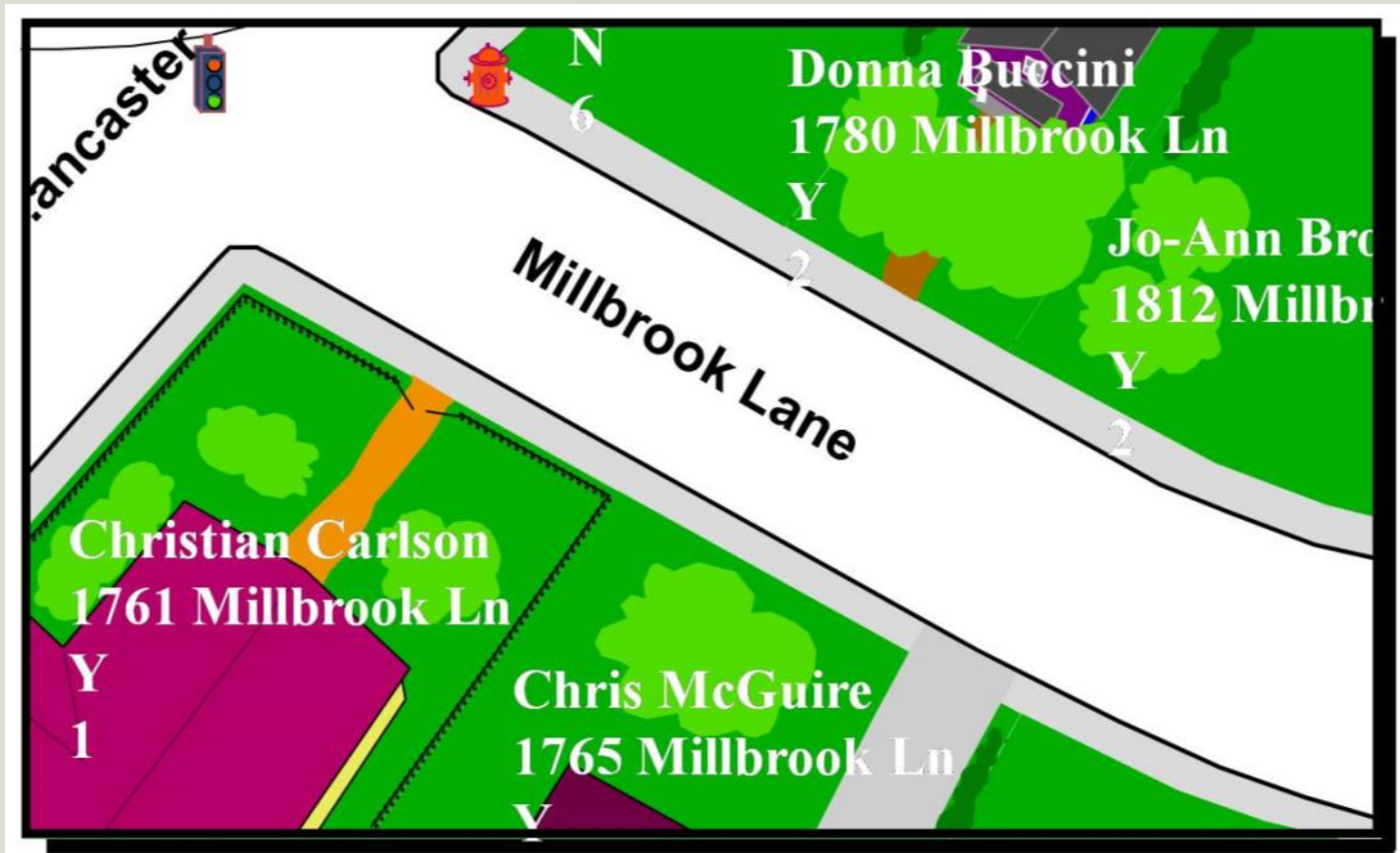
ENGINEERING BETTER PARTNERSHIPS

GIS Overview

- Geographic Information System (GIS)
 - A set of tools used to gather, transform, analyze, and produce information related to the surface of the Earth
 - Computer software that maps and analyzes geographic data



GIS Overview



Donna Buccini	1780 Millbrook Ln	28226	Y	2
Jo-Ann Bro	1812 Millbrook Ln	28226	Y	1
Christian Carlson	1761 Millbrook Ln	28226	Y	2
Chris McGuire	1765 Millbrook Ln	28226	Y	2
Dale Legere	1776 Millbrook Ln	28226	N	6
Doug Reinhart	1537 Sandberry Dr	28226	Y	1
Gary Walters	1541 Sandberry Dr	28226	Y	3
Holly Williamson	1200 Yamassee Dr	28210	Y	4
Jim Woods	980 Harrowfield Rd	28226	N	1
Jo-Ann Bushard	1812 Millbrook Ln	28226	N	2
Joe Bedding	1090 Overhill Dr	28112	Y	4
Larry Yanich	1108 Kings Canyon Dr	28226	Y	3
Lee Rouman	1605 Busham Ln	28226	Y	2
Marcia Augusta	1429 Quail Wood Dr	28226	Y	2
Mary Jo Fernandez	1432 Quail Wood Dr	28226	Y	1
Mike Donovan	1430 Quail Wood Dr	28226	Y	3
Mike Roads	1332 Cameron Forest Dr	28173	Y	3
Mike Serrano	1327 Red Hickory Ln	28173	Y	2

GIS versus CAD

- CAD – Computer Aided Drafting
 - Typically used for designing a product or infrastructure in 2d and 3d diagrams (displays things that are going to be created)
 - Microstation
 - AutoCAD
- GIS – Geographic Information System
 - Typically used to develop a relationship between data (information) and a geographic object (displays the world as it is)
 - ArcGIS (by ESRI)
 - GeoMedia (Microstation-based)
 - AutoCAD Map (AutoCAD-based)
 - MapInfo



Industries Using GIS Solutions

- **Electric/Gas Utilities**
- **Business/Marketing**
- **Telecommunications**
- **Transportation Logistics**
- **Petroleum & Mining**
- **Pipeline**
- **Water & Wastewater**
- **Health Care**
- **Federal Government**
- **National Agencies**
- **Environmental Mgmt.**
- **Local Government**
- **Public Sector**
- **Retail**
- **Military/Intelligence**
- **Computer Aided Dispatch**
- **Mapping**
- **Land Use Planning**
- **Real Estate & Cadastral**
- **Site Location**
- **Agriculture**
- **Forestry**
- **Land Use Planning**
- **Risk Management**

Case 1: Horizontal Curve Study



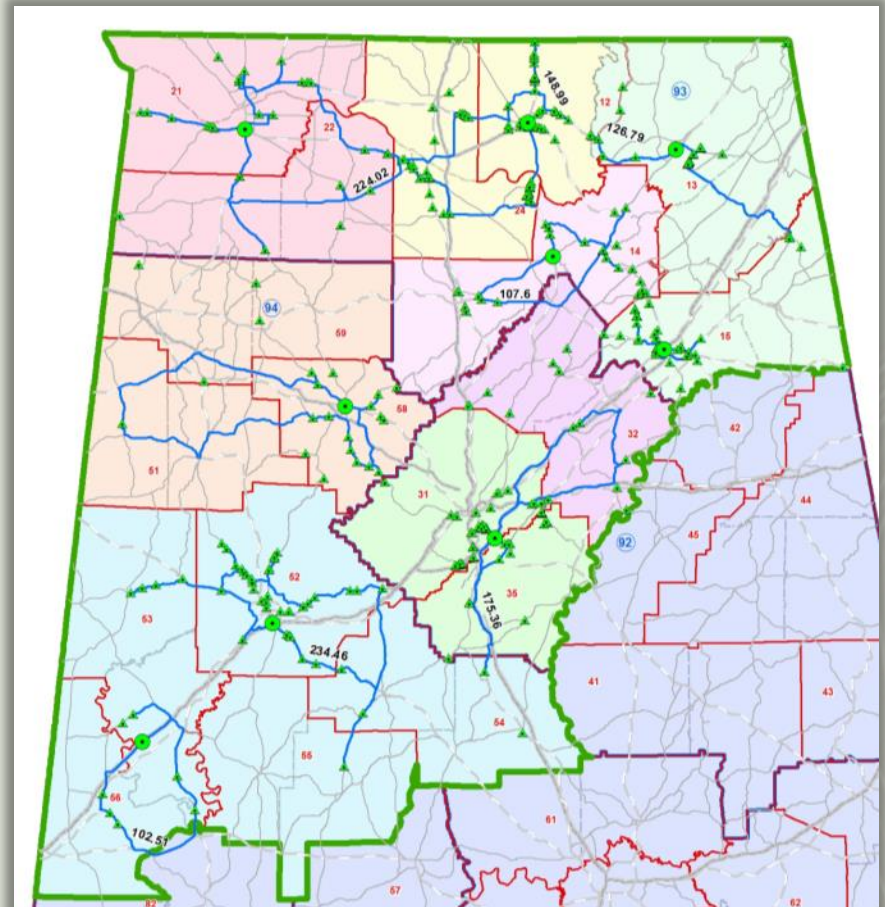
Case 1: Horizontal Curve Study

- Project Description
 - Field review horizontal alignment on 4,356 miles of state roads and perform Road Safety Assessment at 368 sites
- Problem Summary
 - Project scoping and estimating
 - Large number of sites to inspect
 - Sites are located in DOT log miles
 - Sites dispersed all over north Alabama
 - Multiple survey teams



Pre-Project Planning

- Define project areas
- Convert road segments to start points
- Identify regional “Depots”
- Estimate project mileage



Data Collection Planning

- Estimate the number of sites that can be collected per day
 - Horizontal Curve Collection Sites – Up to 15 per day
 - Road Safety Assessment Collection Sites – Average 6 per day
- Use “VehicleRoutingProblem” tool to optimize routes for Horizontal Curve and Road Safety Assessment data collection



Data Collection Planning

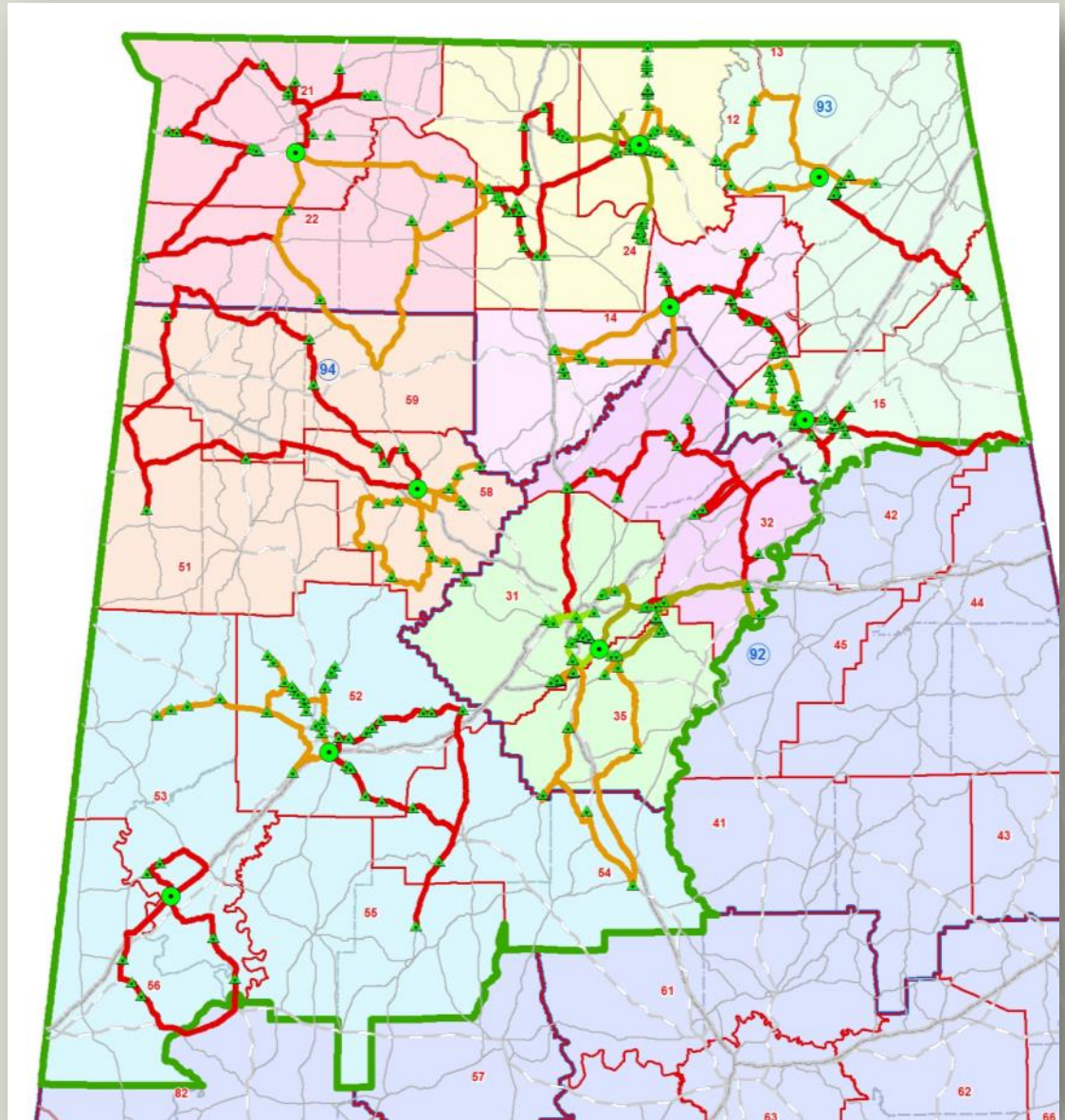
The screenshot shows the 'SolveVehicleRoutingProblem' dialog box. The 'Orders' section has a dropdown menu set to 'RdwDepAndCrashSites' and a button labeled 'orders'. The 'Depots' section has a dropdown menu set to 'LaunchSites' and a button labeled 'depots'. The 'Routes' section has a dropdown menu set to 'SolveVehicleRoutingProblem::routes' and a table with the following data:

	Name	StartDepotName	EndDepotName	MaxOrderCount	Max
1	HC1	Launch1	Launch1	15	
2	HC2	Launch1	Launch1	15	

At the bottom of the dialog box, there are buttons for 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Environments...', and 'Show Help >>'. The 'OK' button is highlighted in blue.

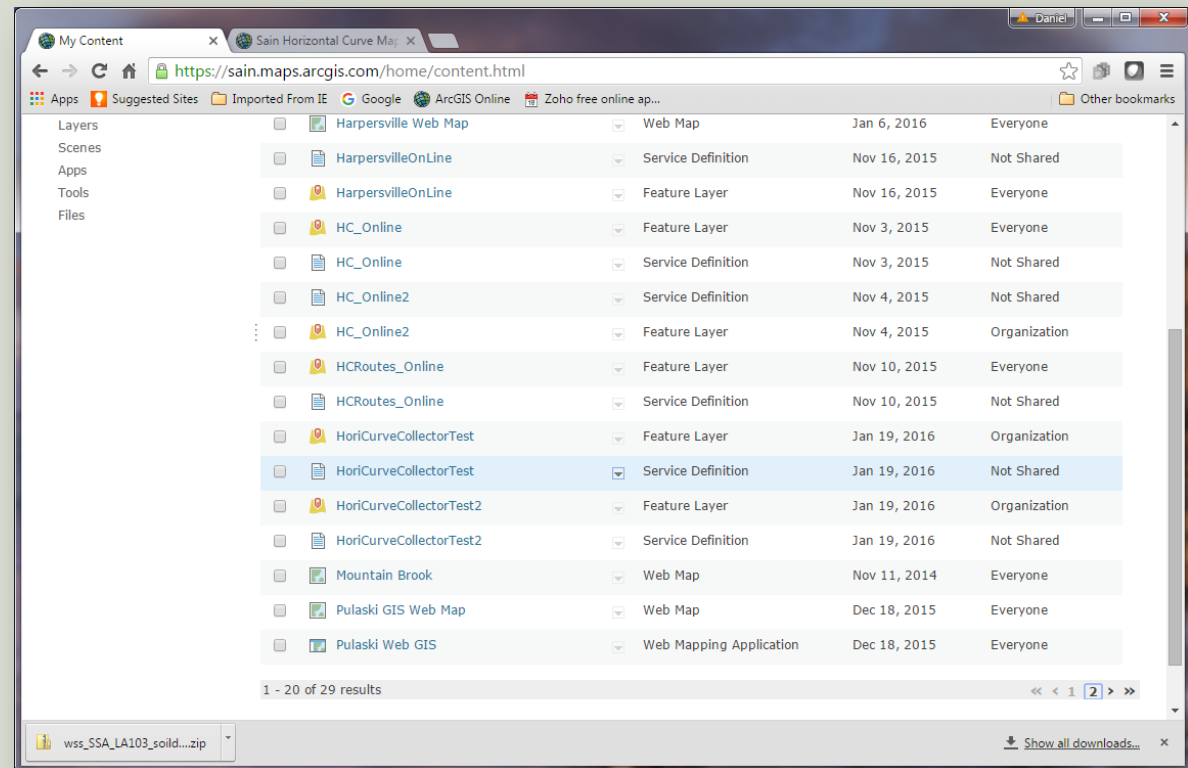
Data Collection Planning

Horizontal Curve Site Routes

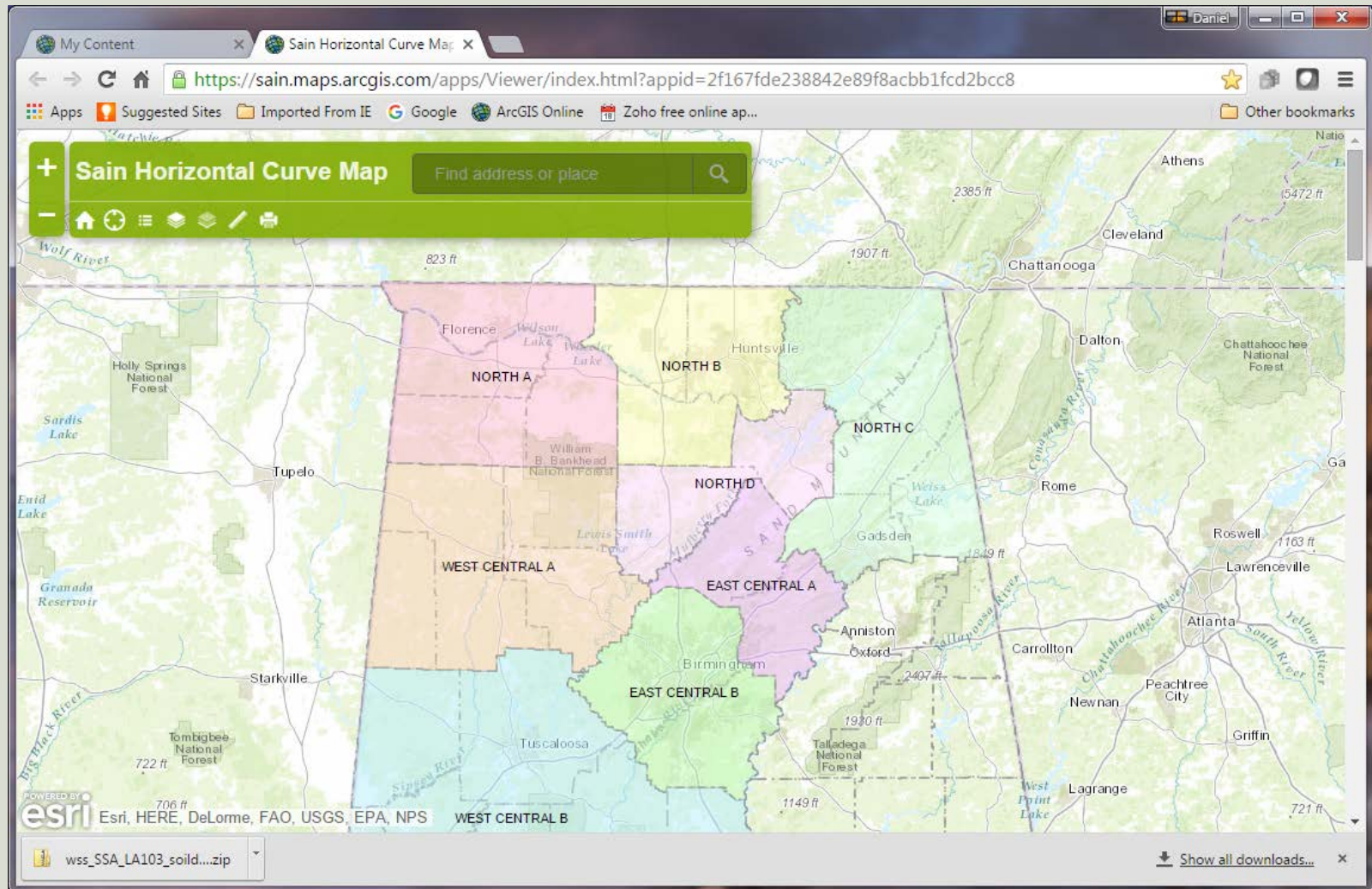


Site Location

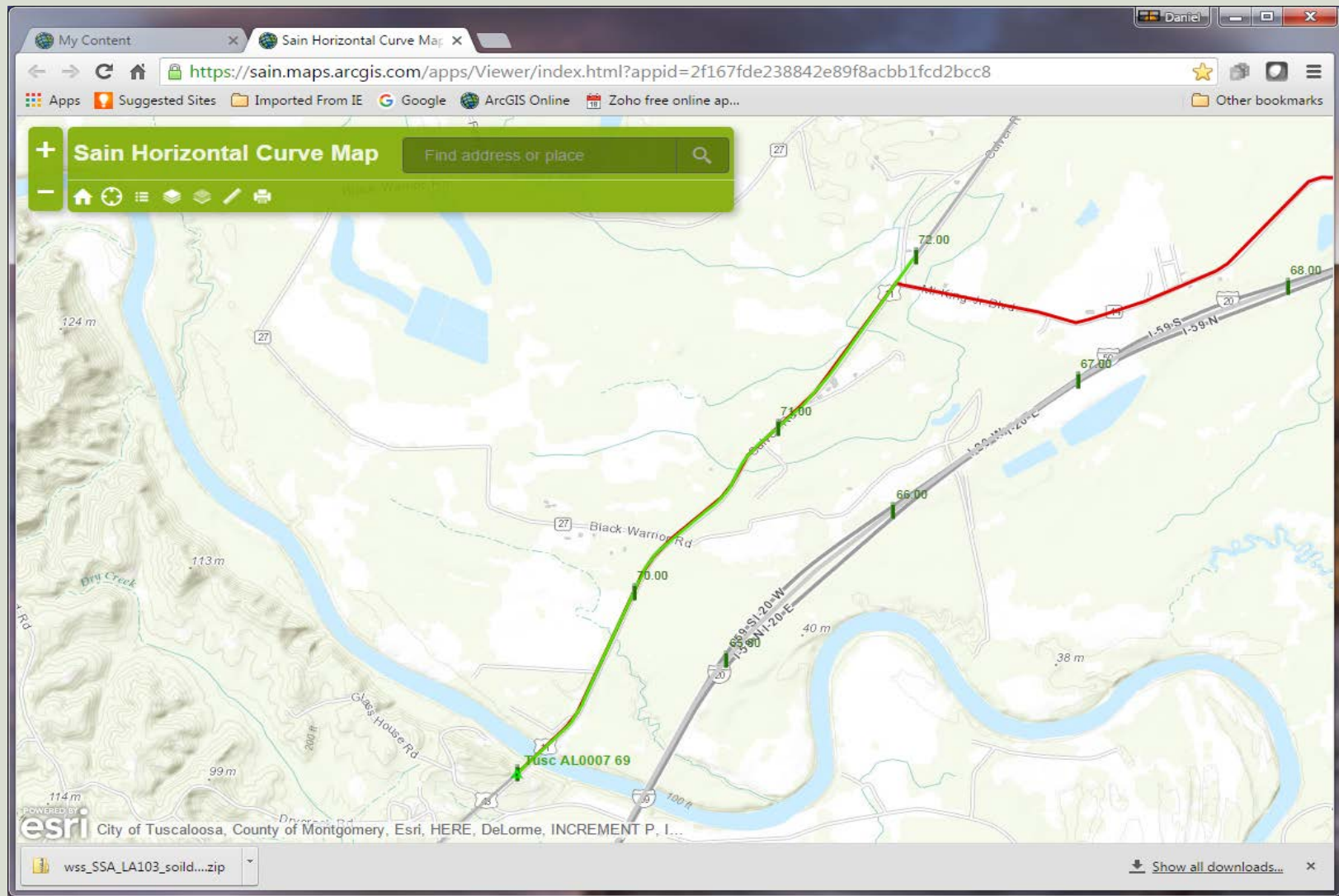
- Upload data to ArcGIS Online
- Setup a Web Mapping Application
- Provide instructions to Engineers



Site Location

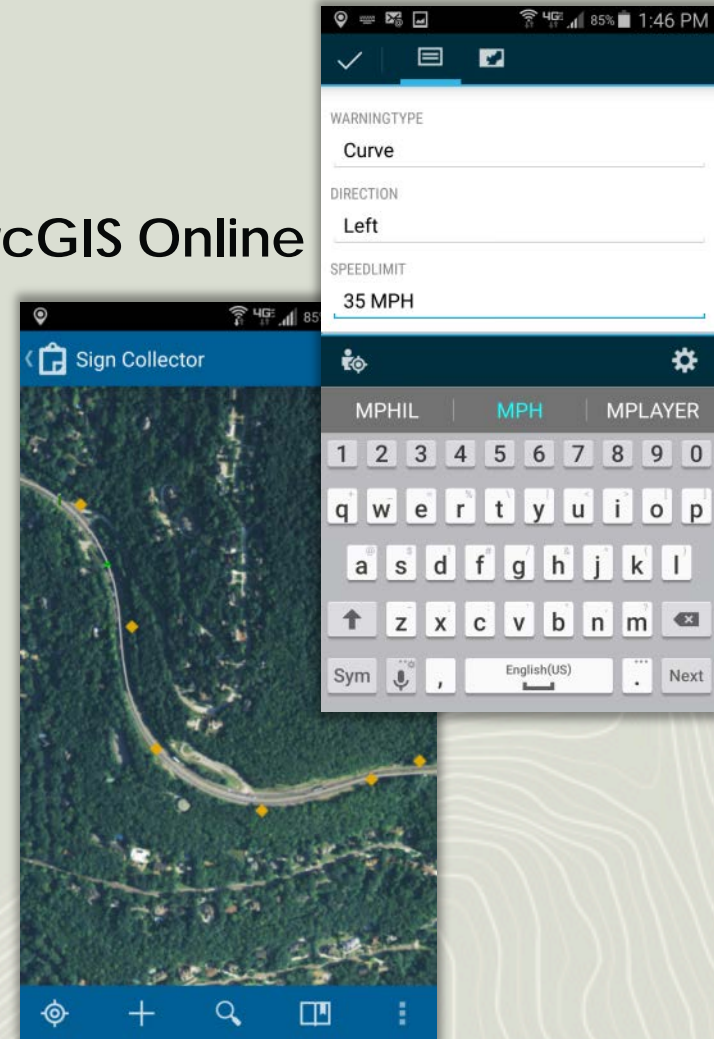


Site Location



Sign Data Collection

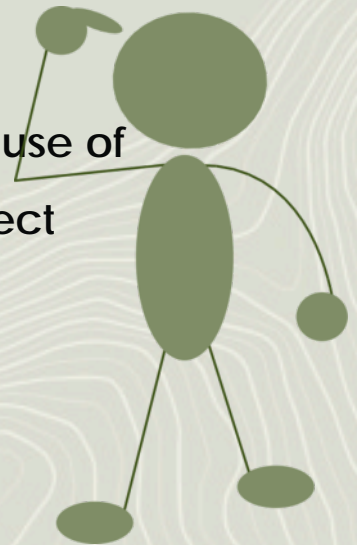
- Setup File GDB for signs to be collected
 - Define Fields
 - Define Domains
- Publish editable Feature Layer to ArcGIS Online
- Setup Web Map
- Provide instructions to Engineers



Case 1: Horizontal Curve Study

- Lessons Learned

- GIS was helpful in developing a more accurate scope of work and estimate
- GIS was more effective in planning Horizontal Curve site surveys than Road Safety Assessment site surveys
- The GIS Web Map Application assisted Engineers with verifying they were in the correct location for collecting site surveys because the sites were defined by log miles instead of physical features
- Using the ArcCollector app tended to be less effective because of the vehicle speed at which the Engineers were trying to collect information



Case 2: ADA Transition Plan



Case 2: ADA Transition Plan

- Project Description
 - Collect pedestrian facilities data to develop a plan to ensure facilities are Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliant
- Problem Summary
 - Field data collection of pedestrian facilities
 - Evaluate facilities for ADA compliance
 - Develop plan to upgrade pedestrian facilities
 - Publish results for public review



Collect Pedestrian Facility Data

- **Course of Action**
 - Develop database model for data collection
 - Sidewalks
 - Crosswalks
 - Curb Ramps
 - Pedestrian Signals
 - On Street Parking
 - Upload Geo-database model to ArcGIS Online for data collection
 - Use ArcCollector to gather field data
 - Feature locations
 - Photos linked to pedestrian features



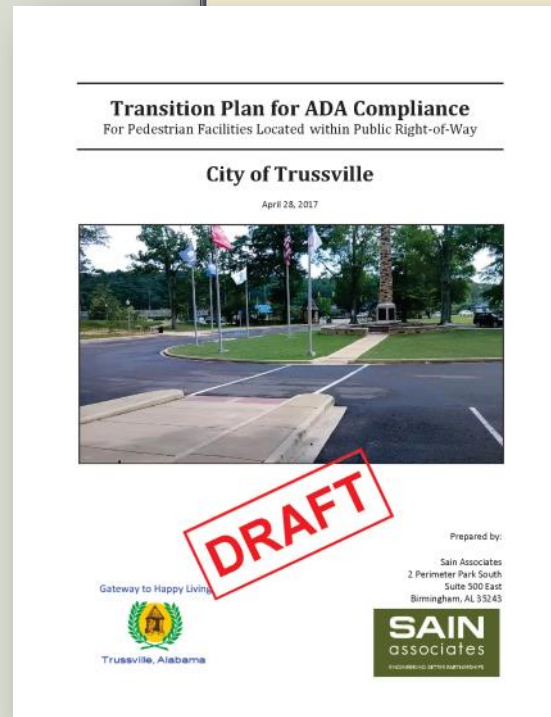
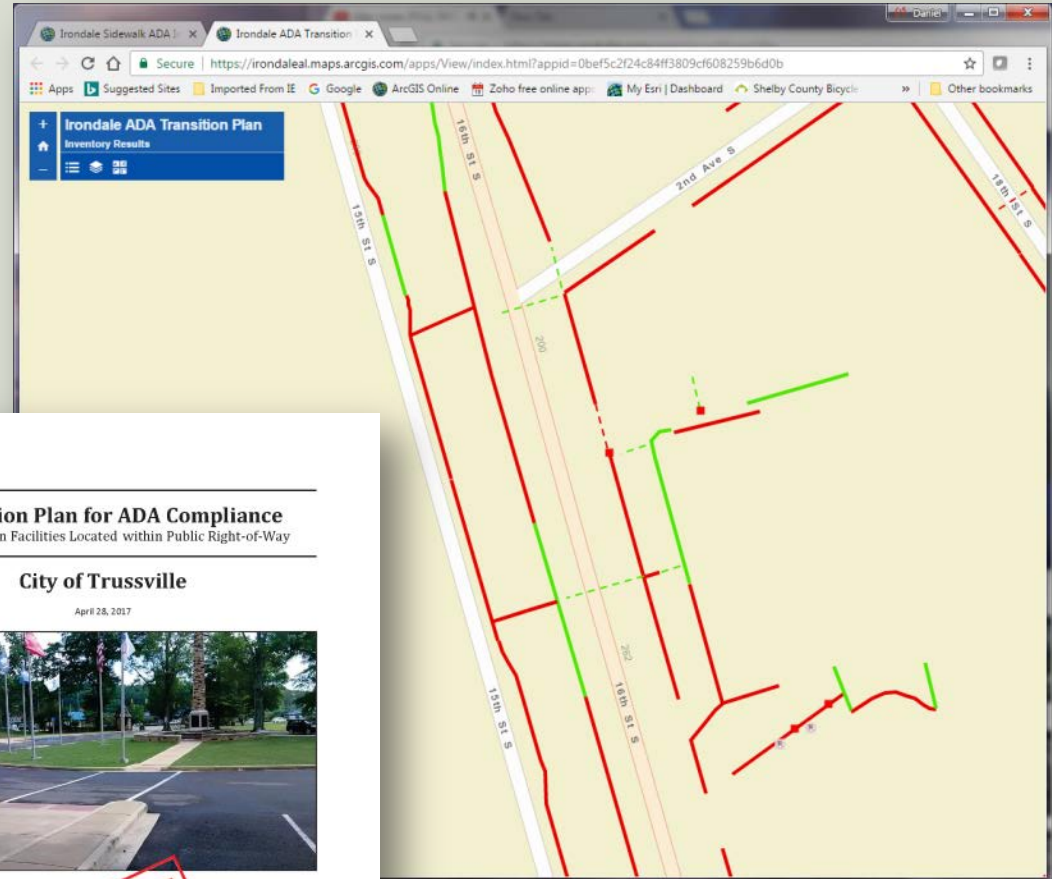
Process Facility Data

- Course of Action
 - Download Pedestrian data from ArcGIS Online
 - Analyze data to develop severity rating



Produce Transition Plan Report

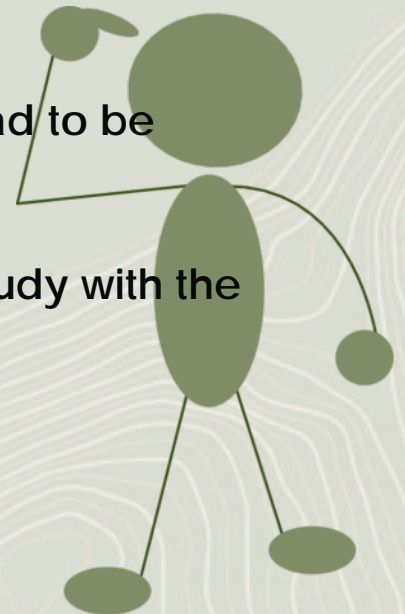
- **Course of Action**
 - Develop Transition Plan
 - Publish mapping results with ArcGIS Online for public review



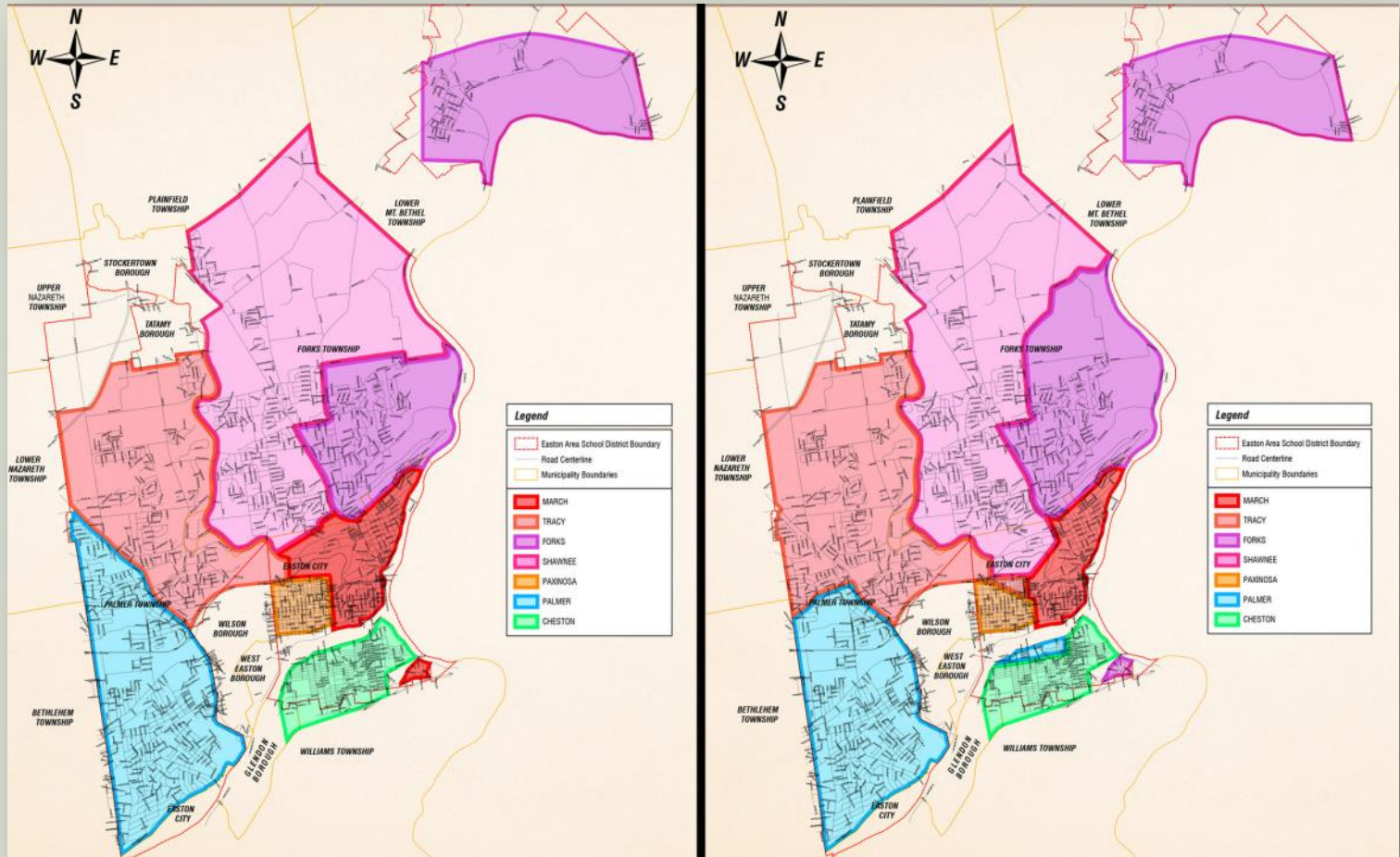
Case 2: ADA Transition Plan

- Lessons Learned

- A standard Geodatabase model could be used across multiple projects
- Using ArcCollector for data collection saved time by ...
 - Inputting data one time; in the field
 - Using GIS for compiling data
 - Allowing input data to transition directly to report maps
- Using ArcCollector improved quality because it only had to be input once; directly in the field
- ArcGIS Online made it easy to share the results of the study with the public



Case 3: School Redistricting



Case 3: School Redistricting

- Project Description

- Use GIS mapping to help substantiate the equitable redistribution of students, based on race, affected by a school redistricting plan

- Problem Summary

- Develop the existing and proposed school district boundaries
- Determine the location of all students based on address and determine in which existing and proposed school district they reside
- Determine the volume of students, by race and school, that will be required to change schools due to the proposed redistricting

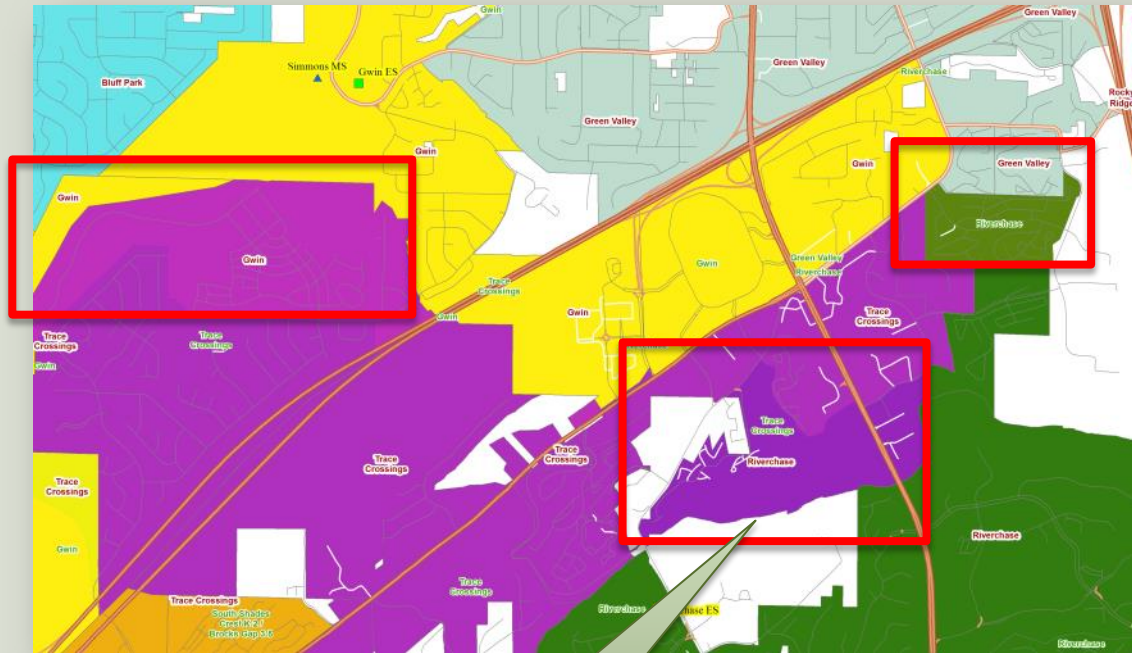


Background

- Client was an attorney working on behalf of the school district
- Student information was provided in a tabular format by the school district, along with existing and proposed school district boundaries
- Address points and other base map data was provided by the local city government
- The information was highly sensitive

Collect GIS Data from Various Sources

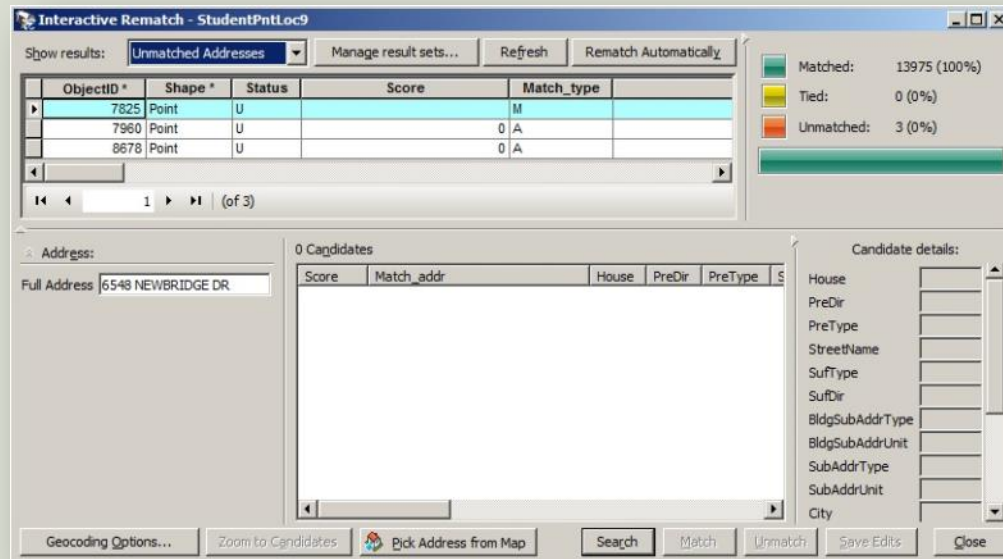
- **School District**
 - Existing Districts
 - Proposed Districts
 - School Locations
 - Student Information
- **Local Government**
 - City Boundary
 - Address Points
 - Road Centerlines



Area where
district is
changing

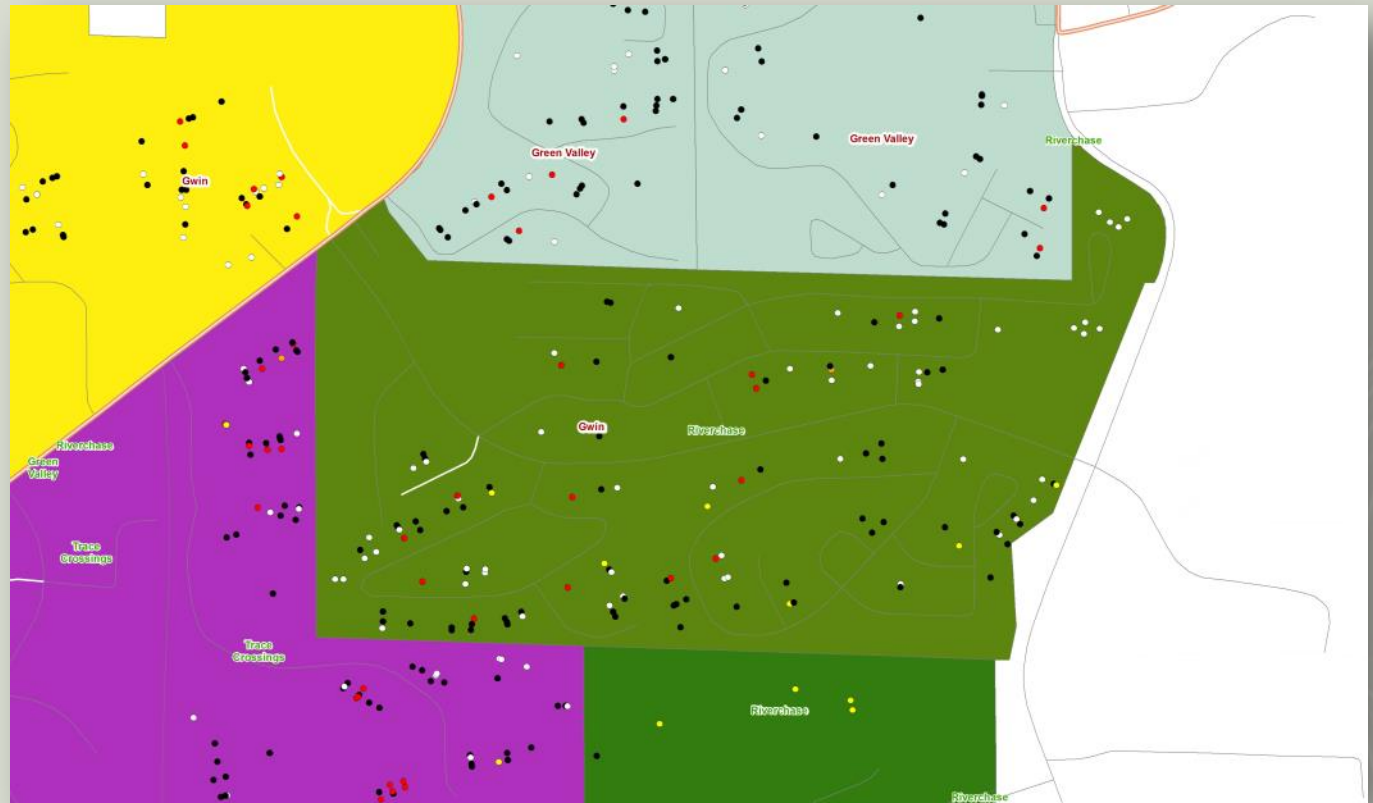
Geocode Student Locations

- Setup a Geocoding Service using the address points
- Geocode addresses from the student database
 - Initial pass match rate was about 95%
- Manually locate all unmatched address records
 - Approximately 400 records
 - Most unmatched records related to apartment addresses



Analyze Student Data by Location

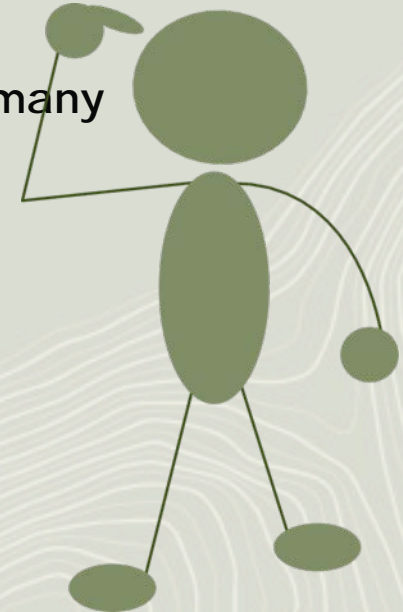
- Develop list of students to be affected by the redistricting
- Summarize student counts by school district and race



Case 3: School Redistricting

- Lessons Learned

- It is important to have both accurate address base map data and source reference addresses when geocoding locations
- GIS analytics is perfect for overlaying multiple feature layers and showing the spatial changes that occur
- GIS allows users to perform complex calculations using many different parameters in a geospatial context



Case 4: Access Management Plan



PREPARED FOR



ALDOT Southeast Region
100 Capital Commerce Boulevard
Suite 210, Building B
Montgomery, AL 36117

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Jeff Stephenson, P.E.
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PREPARED BY



Sain Associates
Two Perimeter Park South, Suite 500 East
Birmingham, AL 35243

Case 4: Access Management Plan

- Project Description
 - Develop an Access Management Plan to alleviate traffic congestion issues
- Problem Summary
 - Need to collect existing conditions
 - Perform field survey
 - Produce concept maps showing plan recommendations

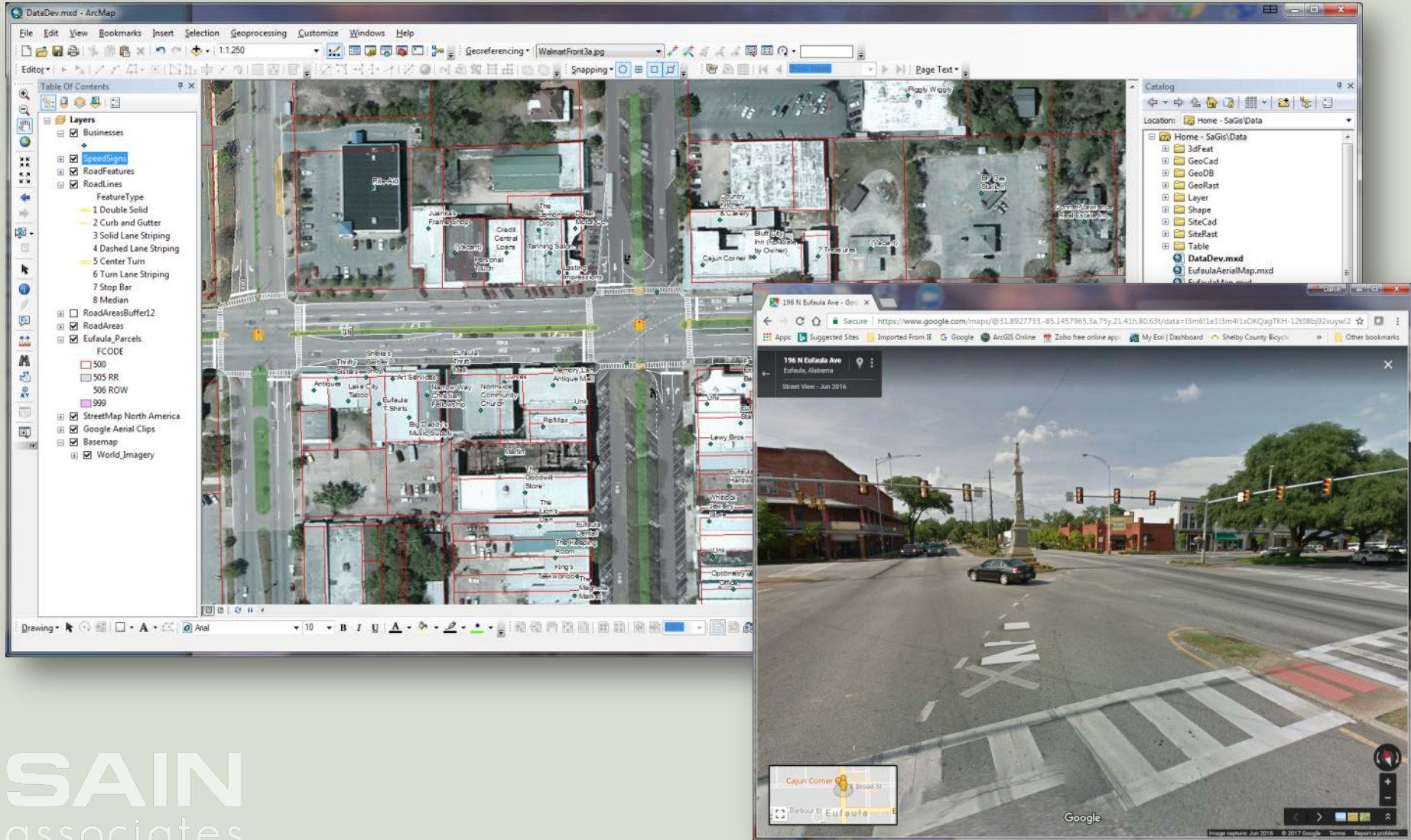


Develop Existing Conditions Data

- Course of Action
 - Use aerial photography base map
 - Clip and geo-reference aerial updates from various sources
 - Develop road features
 - Paved areas (roads, driveways parking areas)
 - Road striping and markings
 - Speed limit signs
 - Business locations
 - Obtain parcel data from local government
 - Use Google StreetView to verify information



Develop Existing Conditions Data



Perform Field Survey

- Course of Action
 - Use Map Book created by GIS
 - Verify business locations and names
 - Verify driveway and median locations
 - Verify speed limits
 - Mark up map book and return to office for updates



Develop Concept Plans



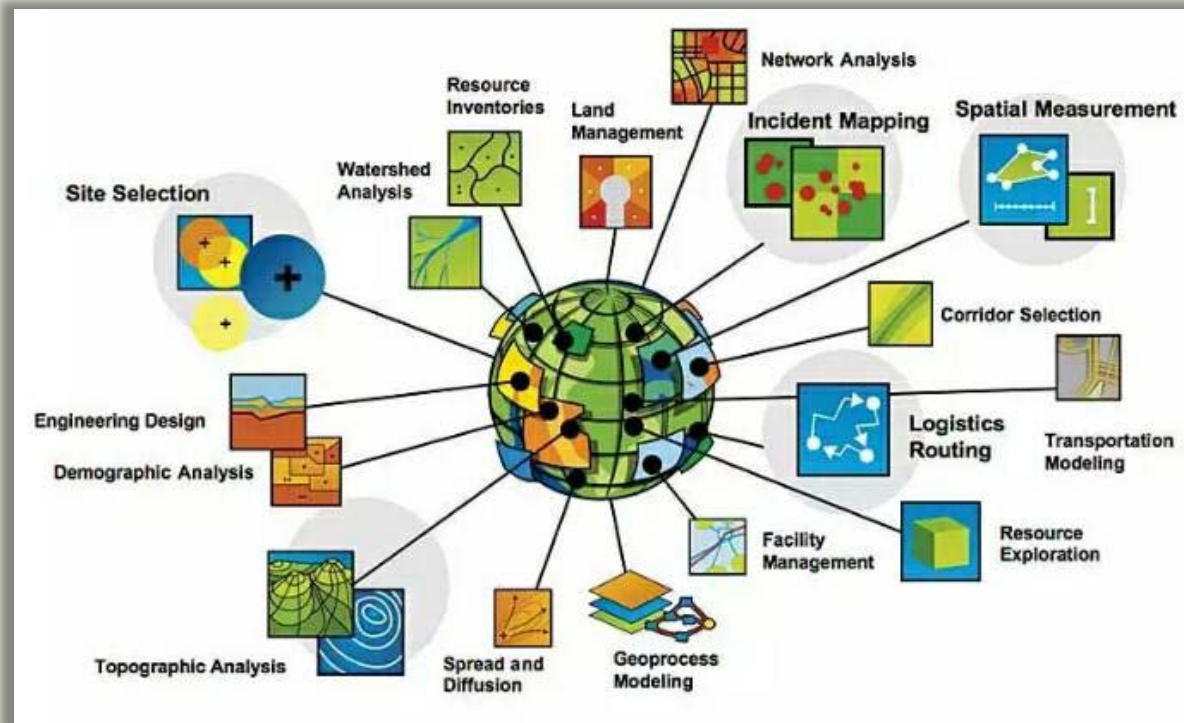
Case 4: Access Management Plan

- Lessons Learned

- GIS allows us to develop existing condition information before making a trip to the field
- Using the GIS to develop existing conditions greatly reduces the amount of time required in the field to collect and verify data
- GIS helps produce more accurate and high quality concept maps
- Volume data can be extracted directly from the GIS data to help produce more accurate cost estimates

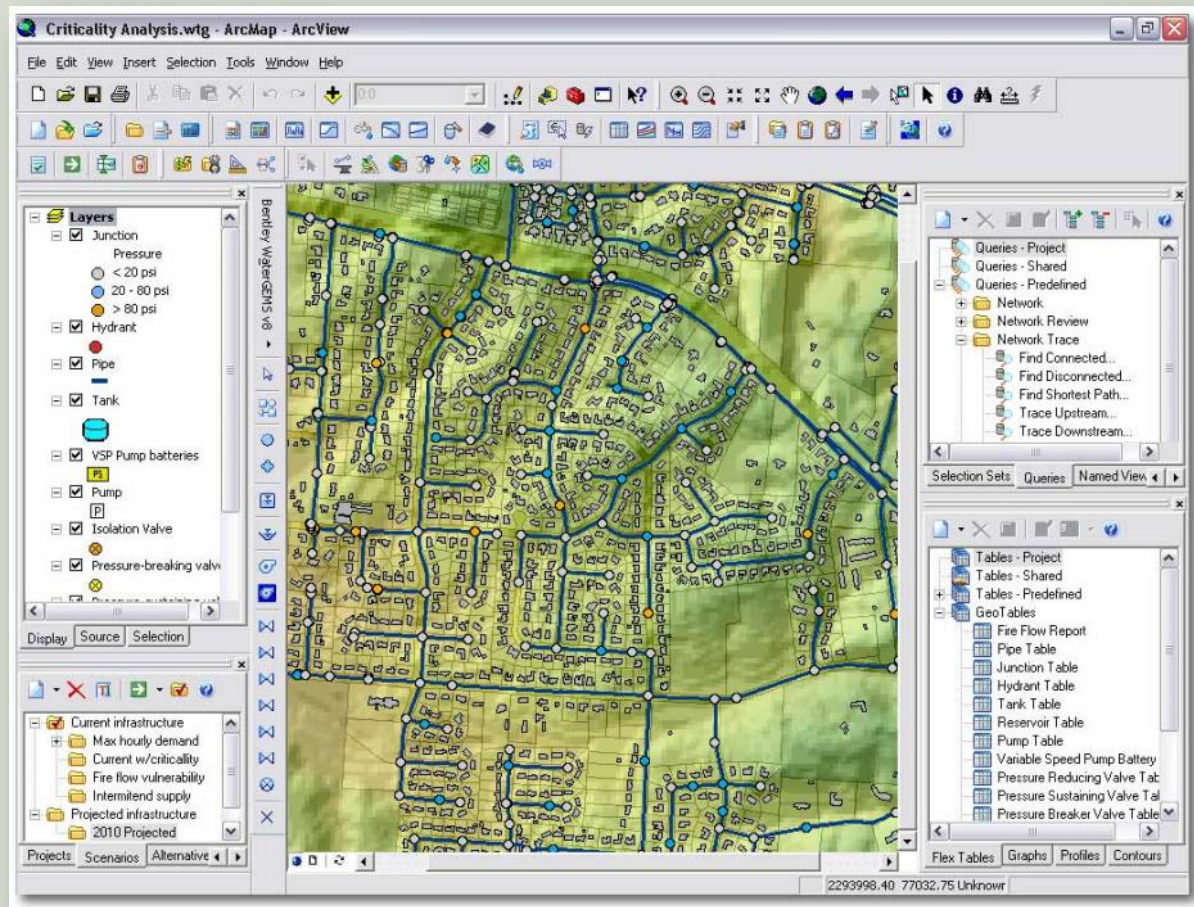


Other Possible GIS Uses



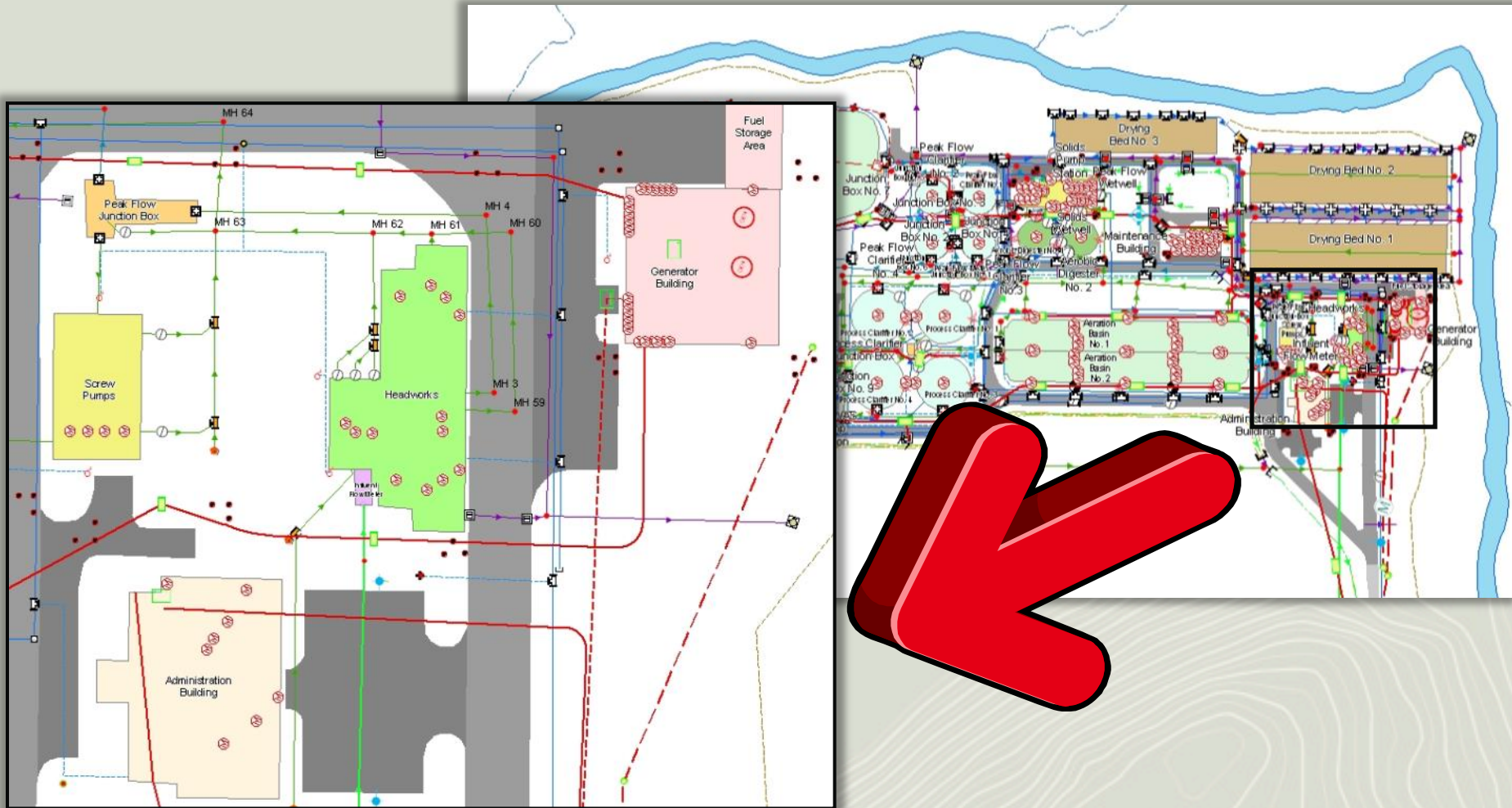
Other Possible GIS Uses

- Utility Infrastructure Modeling



Other Possible GIS Uses

- Asset Management



Other Possible GIS Uses

- Work Order Management

[illegible]

Other Possible GIS Uses

- Address Management

Identify Results

Layers: <Top-most layer>

County Parcels

400 6TH AVE

Location: (2198191.632078 1314690.232926)

Field	Value
OBJECTID	216554
SHAPE	Polygon
CALC_ACR_GIS	<null>
CALC_ACR_APP	0
DEEDED_ACR	0
PARCELID	1300284019007000
PROP_MAIL	805 22ND ST N
CITYMAIL	BIRMINGHAM AL
ZIP_MAIL	352032303
PROPADD_AP	400 6TH AV N
PROPADD	400 6TH AVE
APARTMENT	
ADDR_PSPR	400 6TH AVE
NEIGHBOR_N	80010
ZONING	R6
BLDINDC	N
BLDOTHINDC	N
OWNERNAME	JEFFERSON COUNTY
CITY	BHAM
ZIP	352170000
TAX_TOWNSH	13
SECTION	22

Property Mailing Address

Appraiser Address

Tax Assessor Address

Other Possible GIS Uses

- Cemetery Management



Other Possible GIS Uses

- Document Management

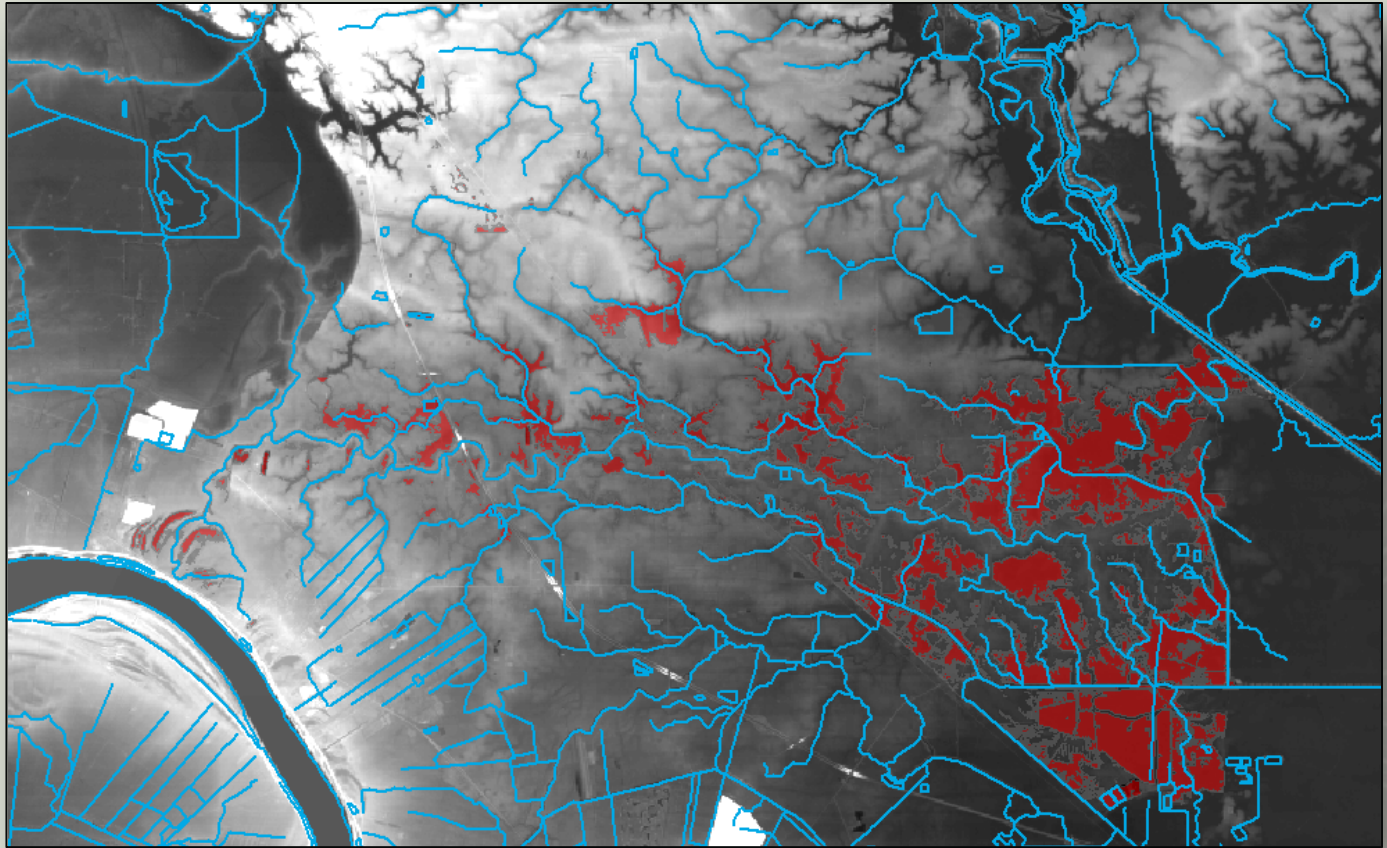
The image is a collage of various GIS-related software interfaces and documents, illustrating different uses of GIS technology. The central element is a map of a residential area with a network of streets and property lines. Overlaid on this map are several other elements:

- Photos:** A window titled "Manhole Location Image for Manhole 7007-062" shows a photograph of a manhole cover in a grassy area. A red arrow points from the manhole on the map to this photo.
- Deeds:** A window titled "984-D02508-00179.pdf" displays a legal deed document. A pink arrow points from the map to this document.
- Work Orders:** A window titled "Work Order # 42894 Cured-In-Place Liner Install." shows a detailed form for a work order. A yellow arrow points from the map to this form.
- As-builts:** A window titled "07-40177 - Microsoft Office Document Imaging" shows a scanned map document. A black arrow points from the map to this document.

Large, stylized arrows (yellow, pink, and black) point from the central map towards the "Photos", "Deeds", "Work Orders", and "As-builts" windows, indicating the flow of information and the integration of these different data sources into the GIS system.

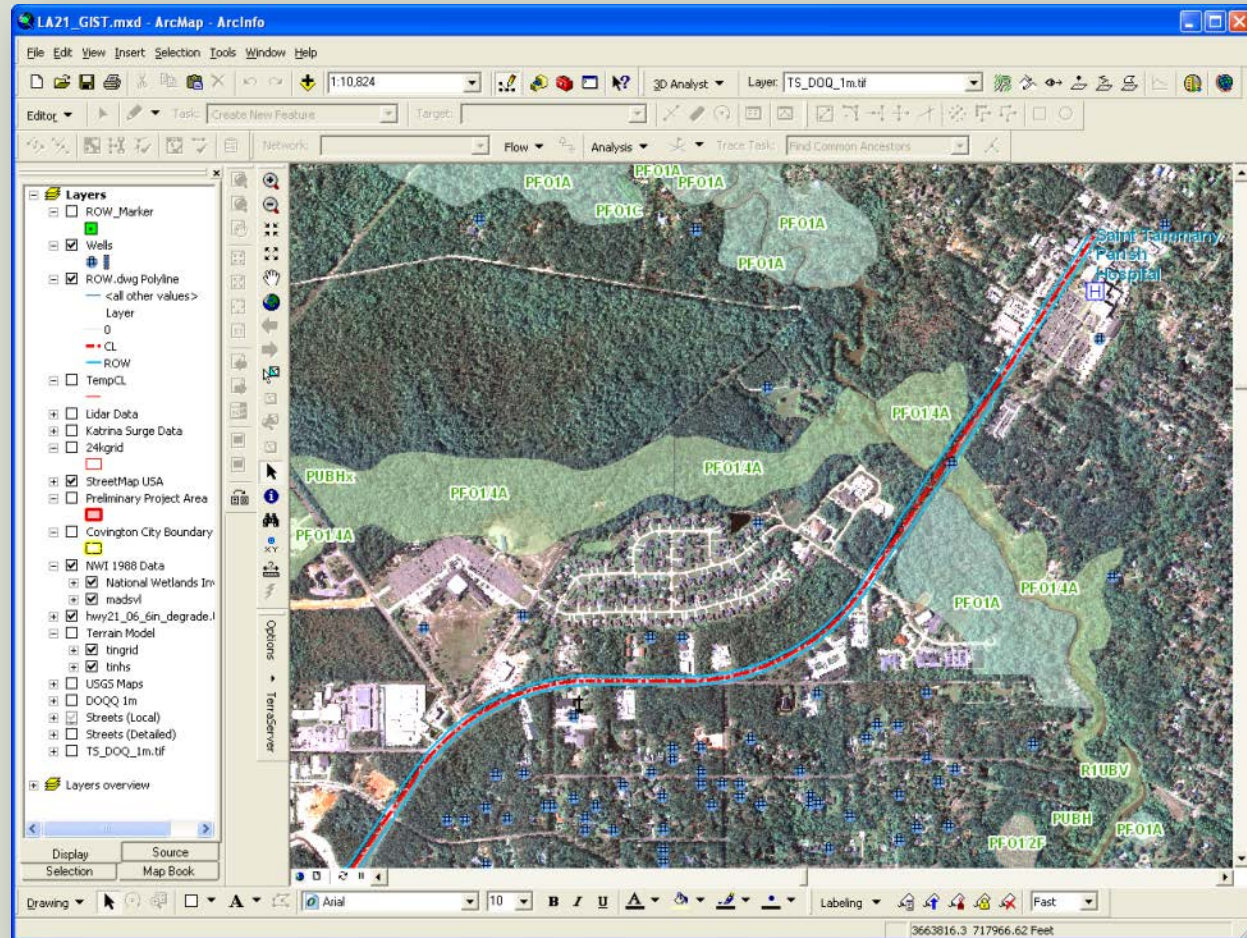
Other Possible GIS Uses

- Flood Mitigation



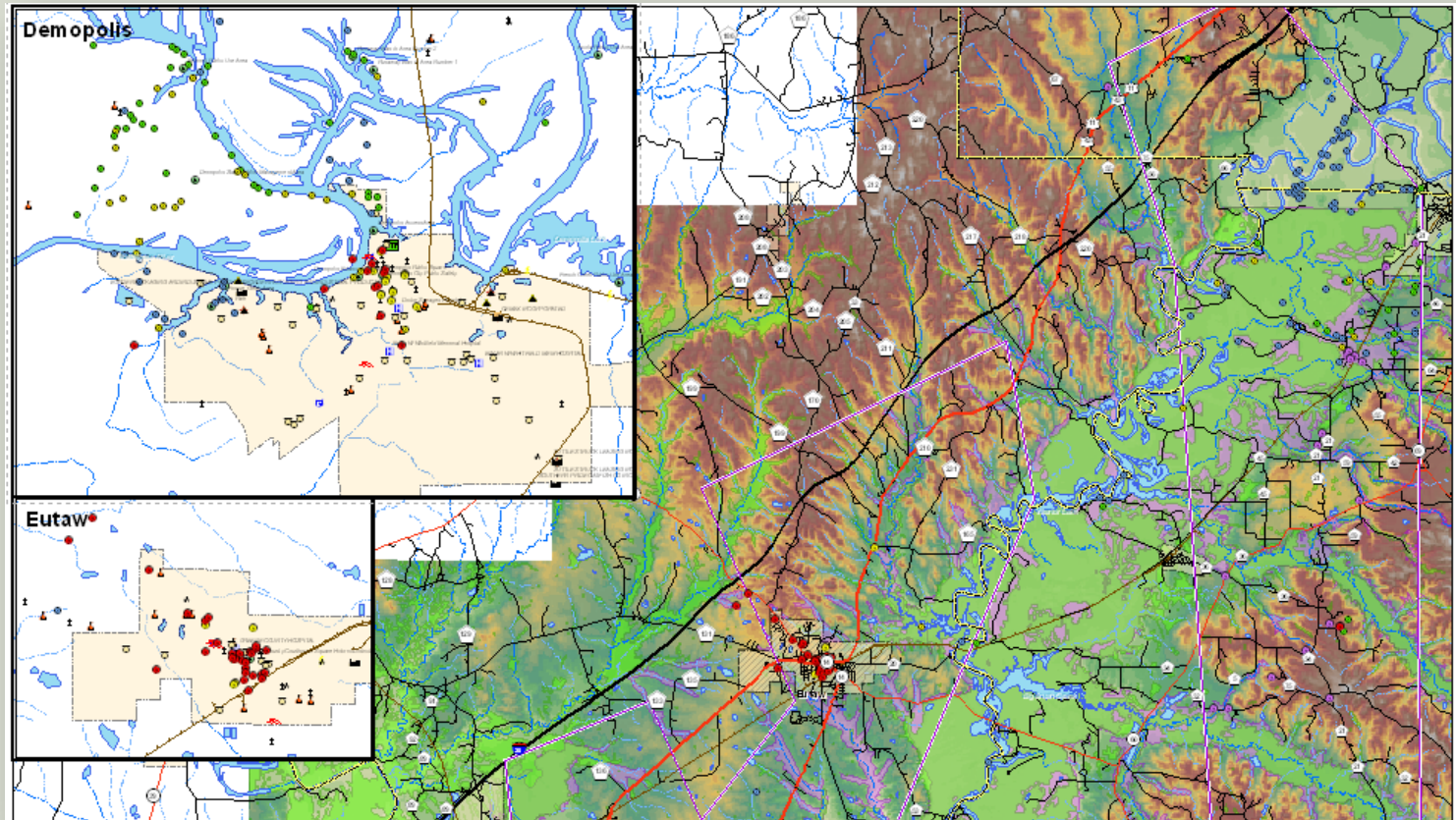
Other Possible GIS Uses

- Environmental Assessments



Other Possible GIS Uses

- Corridor Studies



Other Possible GIS Uses

- Site Planning



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centered on longevity, innovation, and value-creation beyond the project.

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